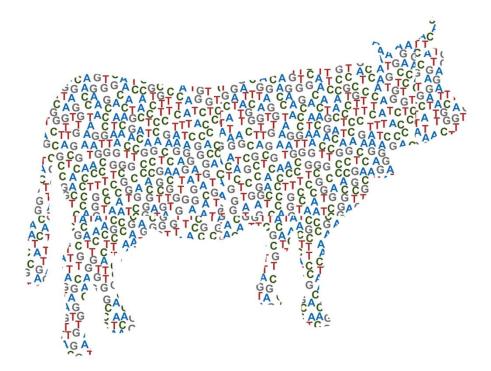




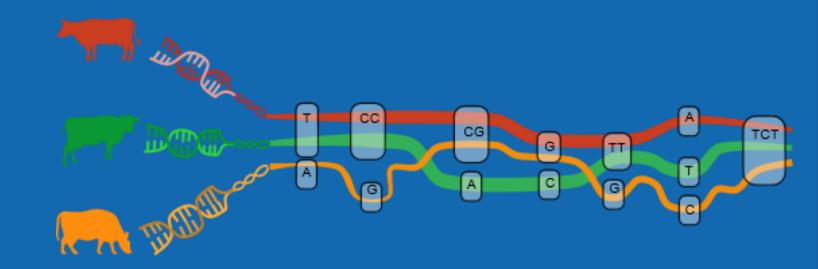
Topics covered today

Bovine Pangenomics - Genome assembly and pangenome integration

Structural variant analyses



Bovine pangenomes*.



The Bovine Pangenome Consortium



Dr. Alexander Leonard

Dr. Tobias van Elst

Smith et al. Genome Biology (2023) 24:139 https://doi.org/10.1186/s13059-023-02975-0 Genome Biology

CORRESPONDENCE

Open Access

The Bovine Pangenome Consortium: democratizing production of genome assemblies for assemblies after QC and other bovine species Alex is in the process of

Timothy P. L. Smith¹, Derek M. Bickhart², Didier Boichard³, Am Yu Jiang⁸, Wai Y. Low⁹, Hubert Pausch¹⁰, Sebastian Demyda-P Robert D. Schnabel¹⁴, Benjamin D. Rosen^{15*} and Bovine Par Phase 1: 194 genome assemblies after QC Alex is in the process of building the final graph (N=1 sample per breed, 77 assemblies)

*Correspondence: ben.rosen@usda.gov

¹⁵ Animal Genomics and Improvement Laboratory, USDA-ARS, Beltsville, MD 20705, USA Full list of author information is

available at the end of the article

Abstract

The Bovine Pangenome Consortium (BPC) is an international collaboration dedicated to the assembly of cattle genomes to develop a more complete representation of cattle genomic diversity. The goal of the BPC is to provide genome assemblies and a community-agreed pangenome representation to replace breed-specific reference assemblies for cattle genomics. The BPC invites partners sharing our vision to participate in the production of these assemblies and the development of a common, community-approved, pangenome reference as a public resource for the research community (https://bovinepangenome.github.io/). This community-driven resource will provide the context for comparison between studies and the future foundation for cattle genomic selection.

The Bovine Pangenome Consortium



The Consortium

Project teams and members

BPC Co-Chairs

- Ben Rosen
- Tim Smith
- Wai Yee (Lloyd) Low
- Alexander Leonard

Steering Committee

Didier Boichard, Amanda Chamberlain, Appolinaire Djikeng, Yu Jiang, Hubert Pausch, Sebastian Demyda-Peyrás, James Prendergast, Robert Schnabel

Bovine pangenomics projects

- How does an optimal pangenome look like? (Sotiria Milia, Tristan Cumer, Alexander Leonard)
- Can we determine ancestral and derived alleles from pangenomes and use this information to detect signatures of selection? (Guoli Li)
- Can we detect introgression and hybridization events from pangenome variation (Tobias van Elst)

Guoli Li

Can we use pangenomes to reliably call structural variants? (Laura

Dekker)







Dr. Alexander Leonard

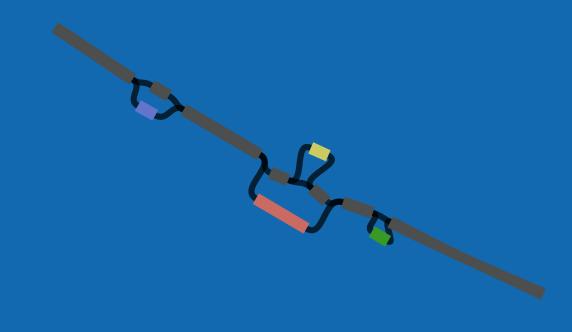


Dr. Tobias van Elst



Tobias van Sotiria Milia

Structural variant analysis.



How large is the contribution of structural variants to complex trait variability?

- Our mapping cohort consists of 120 Braunvieh bulls
 - 13-fold HiFi coverage
 - 12-fold Illumina coverage
 - 200 million RNA reads from testis tissue



«We identified 27.3 k molecular QTL (molQTL) including 316 for which SVs were the most significant variant. This corresponds to a 2.1- and 5.6-fold enrichment of SVs among expression and splicing QTL, respectively. When considering SVs in perfect LD with the lead small variant, the enrichment increased to 6.1- and 12-fold for expression and splicing QTL in testis, respectively.» Mapel et al., under review

How large is the contribution of structural variants to complex trait variability? (Natasha Watson, Naveen Kadri, Alexander Leonard)





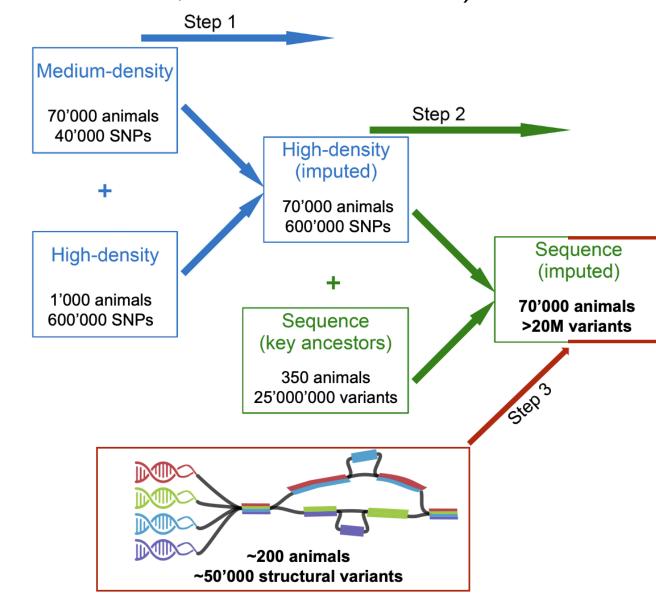
Natasha Watson



Dr. Naveen Kumar Kadri



Dr. Alexander Leonard



How prevalent are VNTR in the bovine genome, and how much do they contribute to trait variability? (Victor Mason)



Dr. Victor Mason

haplotype assembly #2 ...

haplotype assembly #3 ...

haplotype assembly #4 ...

. .

Variable Number Tandem Repeats

Repeat counts

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This is a repetitive motif.

This is a repetitive rapetitive motif.

This is a repetitive repetitive motif.

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How prevalent are VNTR in the bovine genome, and how much do they contribute to trait variability? (Victor Mason)

Gene: SPATA4

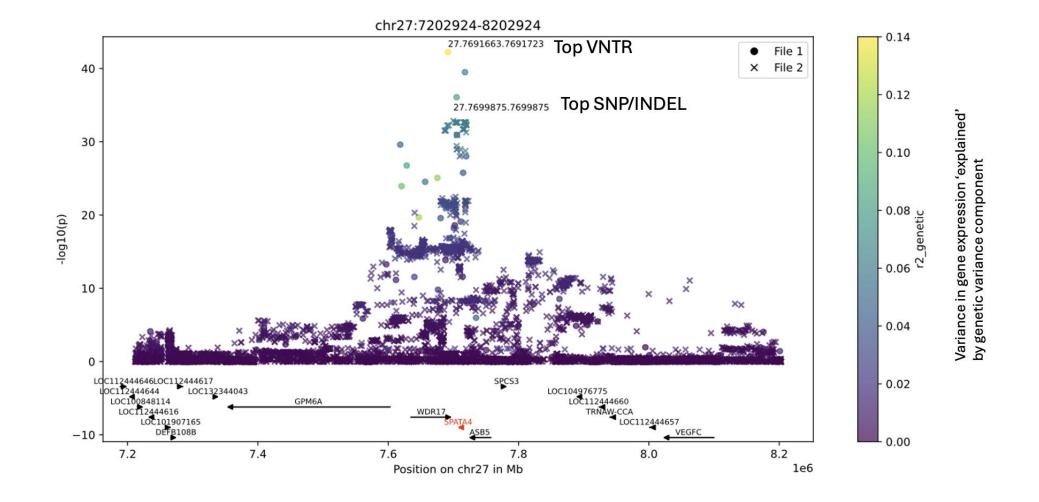
VNTR: 27.7691663.7691723

O's = VNTR associated with highlighted gene SPATA4

X's = biallelic SNP or INDEL associated with highlighted gene SPATA4

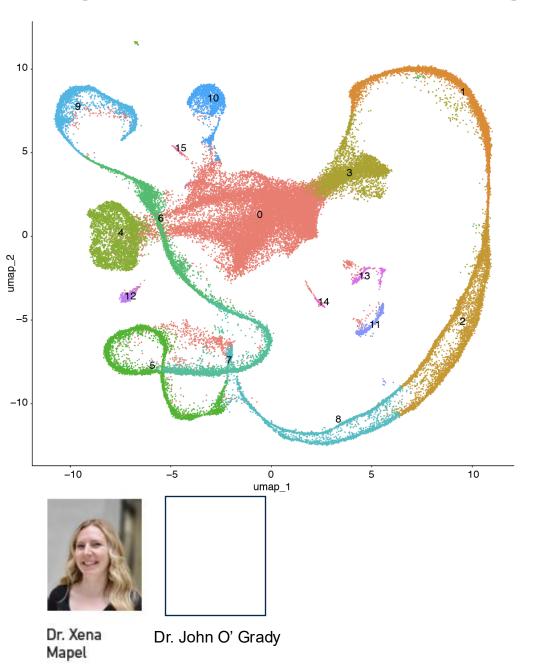


Dr. Victor Mason



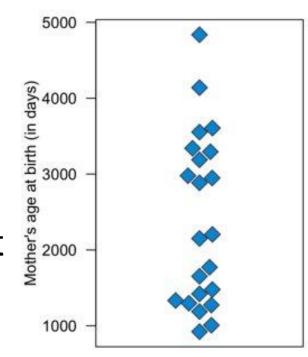
Some further plans and projects

Single-nuclei RNA sequencing



SNSF-Project OPISCOW

Origin, Prevalence, and Impact of complex Structural variation in a large mammalian genome discovered through genome assembly at the population scale



HiFi-sequencing of 50 trios to detect and characterise *de novo* mutations

from January 1st Damianos Alexandridis Diego Rosete

Contributors funding











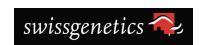


Functional Genomics Center Zurich





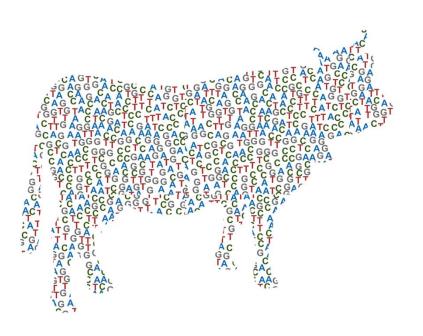


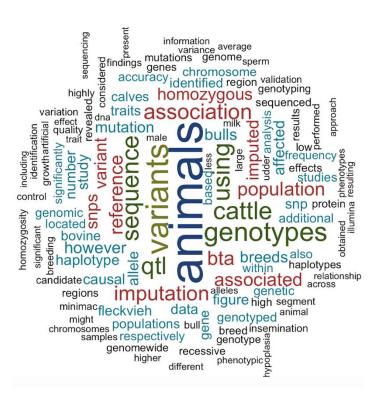






Thank you for listening!





ETH Zürich

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